SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC

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No.1098 / SASCO

SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence – Freedom – Happiness

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Ho Chi Minh City, October 17, 2025

Regarding the explanation of after-tax profit for 3st quarter of year 2025 Increase/decrease of more than 10% compared to the same period in 2024

To:

- State Securities Commission of Vietnam

- Ha Noi Stock Exchange

- The valued shareholders

Name of public company

: SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC (SASCO)

Address of head office

: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh

City

Contact phone

: (028) 38448358 – Fax: (028) 38447812

Website

: www.sasco.com.vn

Charter capital

: 1,334,813,100,000 dong

Securities Code

: SAS

Implementing Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020, of Ministry of Finance regarding the guidance on information disclosure on the securities market;

Southern Airports Services JSC (SASCO) would like to explain after-tax corporate income tax (CIT) profit indicator of the Company's consolidated financial statements for 3st quarter of year 2025, which increases/decreases by more than 10% compared to the same period last year, as follows:

Unit: VND

				Compare the same period		
No	Target	3 st Quarter, 2025	3 st Quarter, 2024	Absolute	Increase/ decrease (%)	
1	Total accounting profits before tax	133,245,513,008	215,853,153,941	(82,607,640,933)	(38%)	
	Profit from business					
1.1	operations	129,205,407,266	208,067,955,902	(78,862,548,636)	(38%)	
	- Profit from production and					
1.1.1	business	116,928,318,019	158,545,653,003	(41,617,334,984)	(26%)	
1.1.2	- Profit from financial activities	12,277,089,247	49,522,302,899	(37,245,213,652)	(75%)	
1.2	Other profits	4,040,105,742	7,785,198,039	(3,745,092,297)	(48%)	
2	Current corporate income tax expenses	26,331,018,070	35,301,367,806	(8,970,349,736)	(25%)	
3	Profit after corporate income tax	108,465,844,448	180,551,786,135	(73,637,291,197)	(41%)	

Total accounting profit before tax for 3st quarter of year 2025 reached 133.2 billion VND, decrease of 82.6 billion VND, equivalent to decrease of 38% compared to the same period last year. Specific reasons are as follows:

- Profit from production and business operations for 3st quarter of year 2025 reached 116.9 billion VND, decrease of 41.6 billion VND, equivalent to decrease of 26% compared to the same period last year mainly due to The Company has not yet recorded the profit offset from duty-free business activities. This profit will be settled and recorded in the fourth quarter of 2025 according to regulations.
- Profit from financial operations for 3st quarter of year 2025 reached 12.3 billion VND, decrease of 37.2 billion VND, equivalent to decrease 75% compared to the same period last year, mainly due to decrease in dividends received from external equity investments
- Other profits for 3st quarter of year 2025 reached 4 billion VND, decrease of 3.7 billion VND, equivalent to decrease 48% compared to the same period last year, mainly due to decreased sales and promotion support (Income related to production and business operations).

As a result, after-tax corporate income tax (CIT) profit in the Company's consolidated financial statements for 3st quarter of year 2025 decreased by 41% compared to the same period last year.

The company respectfully reports this to competent authorities and shareholders.

Respectfully yours,

Recipients:

- As above;

- Department of Finance and Accounting, anhntv.

30112312 ENERAL DIRECTOR

CÔNG TY
Cổ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ
HÀNG KHÔNG SÂN BAY
TÂN SƠN NHẤT

Nguyễn Văn Hùng Cường

SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City

Tax code:

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3st quarter of the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2025

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SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC

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MID-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Full form) As of Sep 30, 2025

Unit: VND

	Items	Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Α-	SHORT-TERM ASSETS	100		1,502,691,897,250	1,539,212,677,200
ų.	Cash and cash equivalents	110	V.1	183,258,274,588	217,245,829,384
		111		161,258,274,588	163,245,829,384
1. 2.	Cash equivalents	112		22,000,000,000	54,000,000,000
550	00-00000 (P)	120		735,700,000,000	537,200,000,000
II.	Short-term investments	121	V.2a	-	28,644,000,000
1.	Trading securities	122	V.2d	·-	(28,644,000,000)
2.	Provision for devaluation of trading securities Held-to-maturity investment	123	V.2b	735,700,000,000	537,200,000,000
3.	Heid-to-maturity investment	400		188,989,341,213	403,951,183,384
III.	Short-term receivables	130	*** 0	157,743,359,342	191,105,433,218
1.	Short-term trade accounts receivable	131	V.3	25,944,791,789	14,319,482,607
2.	Short-term prepayment to suppliers	132	V.4	23,944,791,767	- 1,517,102,1
3.	Short-term internal receivables	133			20
4.	Receivables according to the progress of construction contracts	134			
5.	Short-term loan receivables	133	11.5	65,933,537,416	325,608,045,701
6.	Other short-term receivables	136	V.5a	(60,632,347,334)	(127,081,778,142)
7.	Provision for doubtful debts - short-term	137	V.5c	(60,032,347,334)	(127,001,770,1.2)
8.	Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		-	
	200 Sec. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	140		195,609,275,682	219,537,441,613
IV.	Inventories	141	V.6	195,609,275,682	219,537,441,613
1.	Inventories	149	020302		1.5
2.	Provision for devaluation of inventories	172			
	2000 2 17 S 177 MA	150		199,135,005,767	161,278,222,819
V.	Other short-term assets	151	V.7a	15,723,592,797	7,711,413,762
1.	Short-term prepaid expenses	152	γ./α	183,371,033,380	150,584,060,355
2.	Deducted value added tax	153	V.15	40,379,590	2,982,748,702
3.	Tax and other receivables from the state	154	٧.13	-	500000000 000
4.	Government bonds purchased for resale	155		97	<u>.</u>
5.	Other short-term assets	133			

SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

MID-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (conf)

				- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
TARGET	Code	Notes _	Ending balance	Beginning balance
	200		846,843,068,691	830,465,776,424
B- LONG-TERM ASSETS	240		246,567,600,733	244,967,847,806
I. Long-term receivables	210		240,507,000,122	09579 1 FG 200 753 19
Long-term receivables from customers	211		-	
2. Prepayment to the seller	212		2	₩ 8
Working capitals from sub-units	213		-	₩.
Long-term internal receivables	214			1,50
5. Long-term loan receivables	215	V.5b	246,567,600,733	487,386,735,129
6 Other long-term receivables	216	V.5c	240,507,000,	(242,418,887,323)
7. Provision for doubtful debtsb- long-term	219	V.30		
The Figure 2 regions to distribute events and the same second and	220		168,319,045,384	164,573,265,507
II. Fixed assets	221	V.8	147,704,468,667	143,306,141,064
Tangible fixed assets	222	V.8	641,429,194,688	605,483,279,568
- Historical cost	223	V.8	(493,724,726,021)	(462,177,138,504)
- Accumulated depreciation	224	,	** * * *	•
2. Financial leasing fixed assets	225		· ·	11 859
- Historical cost	226			-
- Accumulated depreciation	227	V.9	20,614,576,717	21,267,124,443
 Intangible fixed assets 	228	V.9	36,307,263,601	36,307,263,601
- Historical cost	229	V.9	(15,692,686,884)	(15,040,139,158)
- Accumulated depreciation	227	1.2		
	230	V.10	32,243,749,055	32,243,749,055
III. Investment properties	231	V.10	37,252,913,794	37,252,913,794
- Historical cost	232	V.10	(5,009,164,739)	(5,009,164,739)
- Accumulated depreciation	232	1.10		
	240		117,671,410,826	107,965,522,813
IV. Long-term assets in progress	241			105 065 500 912
Production in progress	242	V.11	117,671,410,826	107,965,522,813
2. Construction in progress				254 545 400 560
	250		254,245,104,069	254,547,400,569
V. Long-term investment	251		•	15/ 255 201 007
Investment in subsidiary company	252	V.2c	161,376,992,269	176,277,281,987
2. Investment in joint venture company, associates	253	V.2c	107,246,251,500	107,246,251,500
3. Investments in other entities	254	V.2d	(14,378,139,700)	(28,976,132,918)
4. Provision for long-term investment	255			
Held-to-maturity investment				26,167,990,674
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	260		27,796,158,624	18,557,234,125
VI. Other long-term assets	261	V.7b	20,185,402,075	7,610,756,549
Long-term prepaid expenses	262	V.12	7,610,756,549	1,010,130,31.
2. Deferred income tax assets	263		-	
Equipment and spare parts for replacement	268		•	
4. Other long-term assets			2,349,534,965,941	2,369,678,453,624
TOTAL ASSETS	270		2,349,334,703,741	=======================================

SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

MID-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (cont)

WILD-T Dim Co.				
TUDGET	Code	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
TARGET			676,647,255,356	730,120,158,703
C - LIABILITIES	300		070,017,222	
C- LIABILITIES	210		674,498,457,356	727,960,910,703
I. Short-term liabilities	310	V.13	349,280,498,460	392,269,085,169
Short-term trade accounts payable	311	V.13 V.14	5,006,892,493	6,848,699,675
at the advances from customers	312	V.14 V.15	26,673,862,735	14,911,342,362
Short-term advances from customers Tax and other payables to the State	313		147,878,565,902	180,763,578,486
n 11 /- the employee	314	V.16	32,747,427,231	268,575,712
ot the seemed evnences	315	V.17	52,7, -	.150
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	316		: - /) =
6. Short-term internal payables7. Payables according to the progress of construction contracts	317	V.18	3,729,965,045	2,889,353,764
	318	V.18 V.19	13,116,129,393	17,811,626,880
o Other short-term payables	319	V.19	.5,,	-
I financial lease HADIIIIGS	320		<u> </u>	
10. Short-term loan and inflation least mounts 11. Provision for short-term payables	321	V.20	96,065,116,097	112,198,648,655
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322	V.20	-	-
12 Price etabilization fund	323 324			:=:
14. Government bonds purchased for resale	324			10 000
14. Odvoriment con r	330		2,148,798,000	2,159,248,000
II. Long-term liabilities	331		-	×=
1 I ong-term trade accounts payable	332		115	후
Long-term trade Long-term prepayment from customers	333		-	
	334		·	-: -:::
Long-term payable expenses Intra-company payables for operating capital received	335		±.0	-
5 Long-term internal payables	336		# 3	2 150 249 000
6 Long-term realized turnover	337	V.19a	2,148,798,000	2,159,248,000
a Other lang-term navables	338	, ,,,,,,	(B)	-
Cong-term loan and financial lease liabilities	339) = 1	N.=.
9. Convertible bonds	340		£:	-
10 Preferred shares	341		U.S.	-
11 Payable deferred income tax	342			
n Devision for long-term navables	343		<u>~</u>	-
13. Fund for development of science and technology	242			
total etuvinopecoeeto IIV. √				

SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

MID-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (cont)

	Code	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
TARGET	400		1,672,887,710,585	1,639,558,294,921
D - OWNER'S EQUITY I. Capital and reserves 1. Owners' capital - Ordinary shares with voting rights - Preferred shares 2. Share premium 3. Conversion options on convertible bonds 4. Other owner's capital 5. Treasury shares 6. Difference upon asset revaluation 7. Exchange rate difference 8. Development and investment fund 9. Enterprise reorganization assistance fund 10. Other equity funds	410 411 411a 411b 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420	V.21	1,672,887,710,585 1,334,813,100,000 1,334,813,100,000 3,862,620,000 (341,040,000) 582,661,723	1,639,558,294,921 1,334,813,100,000 1,334,813,100,000 3,862,620,000 (341,040,000 582,661,72
 11. Undistributed earnings Undistributed post-tax profits of previous years Post-tax profits of current year 12. Capital Construction Investment Fund 	421 421a 421b 422		5,845,684,008 328,124,684,854	8,458,811,49 292,182,141,70
II. Funding sources and other funds1. Funding sources2. Funds formed fixed assets	430 431 432		- 0	2,369,678,453,6
TOTAL CAPITAL SOURCE	440		2,349,534,965,941 Ho Chi Mink	2,369,678,433,0 City, October 17, 20.

Nguyen Thi Van Anh Prepared by

Do Thi Minh Chau Chief Accountant

Nguyen Van Hung Cuong General Director

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MID-YEAR INCOME STATEMENT (Full form) 3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

Unit: VND

			3st qua	rter	Cumulative from the beg	inning of the year is Period
	Code	Note	Current year	Previous year	Current year	Previous year
Items		-	Current year	1 Tevious Jeni	0781 500	
a services	01	V.23	804,871,905,188	782,383,589,790	2,339,337,649,881	2,117,348,145,086
1. Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	02	V.24	10,227,317	255,378,325	54,329,187	335,606,469
2. Less deductions		1.24	804,861,677,871	782,128,211,465	2,339,283,320,694	2,117,012,538,617
3. Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	10			284,074,289,154	951,693,080,147	885,809,379,790
4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered	11	V.25	337,396,604,262			1,231,203,158,827
5. Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services (20	20		467,465,073,609	498,053,922,311	1,387,590,240,547	CONTROL CONTRO
77 NOT 1888 - SANKER PROPERTY.	21	V.26	18,642,956,802	57,136,984,807	58,205,121,493	97,102,220,130
6. Financial income	22	V.27	6,365,867,555	7,614,681,908	14,730,870,242	24,287,423,769
7. Financial expenses	23	¥ .21	0	0	0	Ü
In which: interest expenses	25	V.28	271,834,465,482	241,117,941,430	790,148,826,767	707,721,174,344
8. Selling expenses				98,390,327,878	242,233,752,727	251,689,677,570
9. General and administration expenses	26	V.29	78,702,290,108		398,681,912,304	344,607,103,274
10. Net operating profit	30		129,205,407,266	208,067,955,902	390,001,912,304	
10.11ct operating pro-				7,787,654,320	12,781,398,347	11,895,185,114
11. Other income	31	V.30	4,040,406,674			427,996,888
12. Other expenses	32	V.31	300,932	2,456,281	427,550,043	
TOTAL STATE OF THE	40		4,040,105,742	7,785,198,039	12,353,848,304	11,467,188,226
13. Net other income	50		133,245,513,008	215,853,153,941	411,035,760,608	356,074,291,500
14. Net accounting profit before tax		PROPERTY.		35,301,367,806		61,998,194,235
15. Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current	51	V.15	26,331,018,070	35,301,307,000		
16. CIT - deferred	52	V.12				20100000000000
	60		106,914,494,938	180,551,786,135	328,124,684,854	
17. Net profit after tax	70	V.32	801	1,35	2,459	2,204
18. Basic earnings per share	70	1.52				2,204
An Dille I amine par share	71	V.32	801			2,204
19. Diluted earnings per share				23011231		

Nguyen Thi Van Anh Prepared by

Do Thi Minh Chau Chief accountant

Ho Chi Minh city, October 17, 2025

CÔNG TY Cổ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ HÀNG KHÔNG SÂN BAY

Yguyen Van Hung Cuong General Director

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

MID-YEAR CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Full form)

(According to indirect method) 3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025

Unit: VND

Cumulative from the beginning of the year	ear to
the end of this Period	

			the end of this P	is Period	
	0.1	Note	Current year	Previous year	
Items	Code	Note _			
I. Cash flows from operating activities				356,074,291,500	
	01		411,035,760,608	350,074,291,300	
1. Net accounting profit before tax	01		32,925,762,515	29,464,009,675	
2 Adjustment for:	02	V.8-10	(13,988,146,858)	5,361,690,778	
2 Adjustment for: Depreciation and amortisation	03	V.5c		(2.00 (.0.12.0 (.0)	
Deverage of provisions	03	٧.50	3,849,583,870	(5,926,843,068)	
Unrealised foreign exchange (gains)/losses	05		(31,270,578,794)	(63,516,458,986)	
Profits from investing activities	. 05		-	5	
- Interest expenses	07		(#)		
- Other adjustments	07				
Operating profit before changes in			402,552,381,341	321,456,689,899	
3			205,128,703,085	(147.946,620,265)	
working capital	09		23,928,165,931	143,349,065,683	
- Increase in receivables	10		(40,355,284,840)	(253,185,325,434)	
Increase in inventories	11		(9,640,346,985)	2,967,063,372	
Increase in payables	12		(9,640,340,963)	•	
- (Increase)/decrease in prepaid expenses	13		. .	-	
- Provision for devaluation of trading securities	14		(81,952,547,688)	(40,265,508,144)	
- Paid interests	15		1,410,000	246,715,372	
- CIT paid	16	0114	(16,134,942,558)	(8,422,887,396)	
- Other receivables for operating activities	17	V.19	(10,134,942,330)		
Other payment for operating activities	20		483,527,538,286	18,199,193,087	
Net cash flows from operating activities	20				
II. Net cash flows from investment					
and construction of	21		(60,029,882,187)	(27,205,400,006)	
Payment for purchase and construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21				
	992		97,960,000		
Proceeds from disposal or transfer of	22		71,700,000		
2 fixed assets and other long-term assets			(825,500,000,000)	(474,200,000,000)	
	23			492,000,000,000	
3 Term deposits granted	24		627,000,000,000	492,000,000,000	
4 Collection of term deposits					
5. Payment for investments in other entities	25				
ti the other entities	26)		68,860,730,494	
	27	1	36,020,967,183	06,600,750,451	
Dividends and interest received	-				
a sa sa sana	30	5	(222,410,955,004)	59,455,330,488	
Net cash flows from investment activities	30	,			

SOUTHERN AIRPORTS SERVICES JSC

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

MID-YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Items

issued shares.

3. Proceeds from loans

4. Repayment of principal

3st quarter of the Fiscal Year ending on December 31, 2025 Mid-year consolidated cash flow statement (cont)

III. Net cash flows from financial activities

Capital redemption and payments for

5. Repayment of financial leasing principal

Effect of exchange rate fluctuations

Net cash flows from financial activities

Net cash flows during the period (50=20+30+40)

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period

shareholders, repurchase of the company's

Refund of capital contributions to

purchase of treasury shares

6. Dividends paid to shareholders

		Cumulative from the begin the end of this l	ning of the year to Period
Code	Note	Ending balance	Beginning balance
31			
32			
33			
34			
35			(216,365,275,083)
36		(294,827,769,070)	(216,363,273,063)
40		(294,827,769,070)	(216,365,275,083)
50		(33,711,185,788)	(138,710,751,508)

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03011231 Ho Chi Minh city, October 17, 2025

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ

(33,711,185,788)

217,245,829,384

(276,369,008)

183,258,274,588

Nguyen Thi Van Anh Prepared by

Do Thi Minh Chau Chief Accountant

Nguyen Van Hung Cuong General Director

291,649,506,794

(1,679,056,156)

151,259,699,130

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3st quarter of the Fiscal year ended 31 December, 2025

Operational characteristics I.

Form of capital ownership 1.

Southern Airports Services JSC (hereuinafter called "the Company") is a joint stock company.

Flied of business 2.

The company does business in a variety of fields

Business lines 3.

The Company's main business lines are: Processing meals, food and beverage services, handicrafts, and duty-free goods; Producing fish sauce; Hotel and tourism business; Passenger transportation by car, provincial and inter-provincial taxi; Automobile repair and installation of ground service equipment for the aviation industry; Exploiting aviation commercial technical services; Airline ticket agency and advertising business; Import and export of goods for passengers and import of equipment for the company's business operations; Trading in domestically produced liquor and cigarettes; Retailing petroleum; Farm business; Real estate business and real estate brokerage; Tourism business, international travel services, and foreign currency exchange agency; Passenger transportation by car on fixed routes and under contract; Agency for purchasing, selling, and consigning goods; Massage, acupressure, and foot reflexology services in the departure lounge of the international terminal at Tan Son Nhat Airport; Airline catering services; Railway catering services.

Cycle of normal production, trading 4.

The cycle of normal production, trading must not exceed 12 months.

Corporate Structure 5.

Joint ventures and associates

Joint ventures and	Address of head	Main business activities	Capital contribution ratio	Benefit ratio	Voting right ratio
Name of company Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial Joint Stock Company	45 Truong Son Street, Ward Tan Son Hoa, Ho Chi Minh City	Wholesale solid, liquid, gaseous fuels and related products; Trading and leasing materials and equipment for petroleum industry; Maintenance and repair of automobiles and other motor vehicles; Direct support services for air transportation activities.	38.03%	38.03%	38.03%
Phu Quoc-Sasco Co.,Ltd	47 Nguyen Hue Street, Quarter 5, Phu Quoc SAR	Fisheries processing; hotel service	50,00%	50,00%	50,00%
Viet House Joint Venture Joint Stock Company	Leipziger Str.54, VH, EG 10G-10117 Berlin, Germany	Air ticket agency, tourisn services, import-export, and trade.		29,00%	29,00%
Blue Sky Trading Investment Joint Stock Company	No. 415B Hoang Van Thu Street, Ward Tan Son Hoa,Ho Chi Minh City	Services, trade	20,00%	20,00%	20,00%

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Accounting-dependent subsidiary units with	Accounting-dependent subsidiary units without legal status				
Name of unit	Address:				
Sasco Tan Son Nhat Commercial Center	Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City				
Duty-free goods sales department	Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City				
Sales department of lounge services	Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City				
Representative Office of Southern Airports Services JSC in Ha Noi.	4th floor, NTS Building, Noi Bai International Airport, Noi Bai Commune, Ha Noi City				
Branch of Southern Airports Services JSC in Phu Quoc.	No. 379 Nguyen Trung Truc Street, Quarter 5, Phu Quoc SAR, An Giang Province				
Branch of Southern Airports Services JSC in Long An. Branch of Southern Airports Services JSC in Khanh Hoa.	Plot Q-1B, Expanded Long Hau Industrial Zone, Can Giuoc Commune, Tay Ninh Province. Cam Ranh International Airport, Bac Cam Ranh Ward, Khanh Hoa Province.				

Statement on comparability of information in the financial statement 6.

The corresponding figures for the previous quarter are comparable with those of this Quarter.

FISCAL YEAR, CURRENCY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING II.

Fiscal Year 1.

The company's annual accounting period will start from January 01 and end on December 31 of each

Currency Used in Accounting 2.

Currency unit used in accounting is the Vietnamese currency (VND) because the majority of the transactions are carried out in VND currency.

APPLIED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIME Ш.

Applied accounting regimes 1.

The company applies the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnam Corporate Accounting Regime issued under Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014, and circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards of Ministry of Finance in preparation and the standard presentation of consolidated financial statement.

Statement of compliance with accounting standards and regimes 2.

The General Directors has complied with the requirements of accounting standards, Vietnam Corporate Accounting regime issued according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated August 26, 2016 as well as Circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards in the preparation and presentation of financial statement.

APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES IV.

The basis for preparation of financial statement 1.

Financial statement is prepared on the basis of accrued accounting (except for information relating to cash flows).

Subsidiary units form their own accounting system with dependent accounting. The consolidated financial statements of the entire company are prepared based on the summary of the financial statements of the subsidiary units. Revenue and balances between subsidiary units are eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statement.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Transactions in foreign currency

Transactions incurred in foreign currency are converted at the rate on the transaction date. Balances of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the accounting period are converted at the exchange rate on that date.

The exchange rate differences arising during the accounting period from foreign currency transactions are recognized in financial income or financial expenses. The difference of exchange rate due to revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as of the ending date of accounting period after offsetting the difference of increase and decrease will be recognized into turnover of financial or non-financial activities.

The rate used to convert foreign currency transactions is the actual transaction rate at the time of the transaction. The actual trading rate for foreign currency transactions is determined as follows:

- For receivables: The exchange rate for purchasing foreign currency from Vietcombank Ho Chi Minh City Branch at the time of transaction.
- For payables: The exchange rate for selling foreign currency from Vietcombank Ho Chi Minh City Branch at the time of transaction.
- For transactions involving the purchase of assets or expenses paid immediately in foreign currency (without going through accounts payable): Foreign currency purchase rate of a commercial bank where the Company makes payments.

The exchange rate used to re-evaluate the balance of foreign currency monetary items at the end of the accounting period is determined according to the following principles:

- For foreign currency deposits with banks: Foreign currency purchase rate of the bank where the Company opens a foreign currency account.
- For foreign currency monetary items classified as other assets: The exchange rate for purchasing foreign currency from Vietcombank - Ho Chi Minh City Branch Ho Chi Minh (The bank that Company has regular transactions).
- For foreign currency monetary items classified as liabilities: The exchange rate for selling foreign currency from Vietcombank - Ho Chi Minh City Branch Ho Chi Minh (The bank that Company has regular transactions).

Cash and cash equivalents 3.

Cash includes cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term investments with a recovery period of no more than 3 months from the investment date, with ability to convert easily into a defined amount and there is no risk of converting to currency at the time of statement.

Amount of financial investment 4.

Trading securities

An investment is classified as trading securities when held for the purpose of buying and selling for

Trading securities are recorded in the accounting books at original price. The original price of trading securities is determined based on the fair value of payments at the time of transaction, plus any costs related to the purchase of the trading securities.

The time to recognize trading securities is a time when the Company has ownership, specifically as follows:

- For listed securities: It is recognized at the time of trade settlement (T+0).
- For unlisted securities: It is recognized at the time when the legal ownership rights are officially acquired in accordance with the law.

Interest, dividends, and profits from periods before the trading securities are purchased are accounted for as a reduction in the value of the securities themselves. Dividends and profits of the period after the trading securities are purchased recognized as revenue. Stock dividends are only allowed to follow the number of increase stocks, not recognize the value of received stocks.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Swap shares are determined based on their fair value on the exchange date. The fair value of the shares is determined as follows:

- For stocks of listed companies, the fair value of the stock is the closing price listed on the stock market on the exchange date. In cases where the stock market is not trading on the exchange date, the fair value of the shares is the closing price of the last trading session immediately preceding the exchange date.
- For unlisted shares traded on the UPCOM floor, the fair value of the shares is the closing price on the UPCOM floor at the exchange date. In the event that there is no trading on the UPCOM at exchange date, the fair value of the share will be the closing price of the previous trading session adjacent to the exchange date.
- For other unlisted shares, the fair value of the shares is the price agreed by the parties under contract or the book value at the time of exchange
 - The provision for impairment of trading securities is made for each type of securities purchased and sold on the market that has a fair value lower than its original price. The fair value of trading securities listed on the stock exchange or traded on the UPCOM floor is the closing price at the ending date of the accounting period. In the event that there is no trading on the stock market or the UPCOM exchange on the ending date of accounting period, the fair value of the securities will be the closing price of the transaction session adjacent to the exchange date.

The increase or decrease in the provision for impairment of trading securities that needs to be set up at the end of the accounting period is recorded as a financial expense.

Gains or losses from the transfer of trading securities are recorded as financial income or financial expenses.

Held-to-maturity investment

Investments are classified as being held to maturity when the Company intends and has ability to hold them until the date of maturity. Held-to-maturity investments include: Term bank deposits (including promissory notes, certificates of deposit), bonds, preferred stocks issued with a mandatory buyback at a specific future date, and loans held until maturity with the purpose of earning periodic interest, as well as other investments held until maturity.

Investments held to maturity are initially recognized at original price, which includes the purchase price and any costs related to transactions t9 to purchase the investments. After initial recognition, these investments are recognized at their recoverable amount. Interest income from investments held to maturity, after the purchase date, is recognized in the Income Statement on an accrual basis. Interest received before being hold by the Company is deducted from the original price at the time of purchase.

When there is conclusive evidence that part or all of an investment may not be recoverable, and the loss can be reliably determined, the loss is recognized as a financial expense for the year and directly reduces the value of the investment.

Investment in joint ventures, associates

Joint ventures

A joint venture is a company established based on an agreement in a contract, whereby the company and other participating parties carry out economic activities based on joint control. Joint control is understood as the requirement that strategic decisions regarding the operational and financial policies of the joint venture must be made with the consent of all joint venture participants.

Associates

An associate is a business in which the company has significant influence but does not have control over the financial and operational policies. Significant influence is reflected in the right to participate in making decisions regarding the financial and operational policies of the investment receiving enterprises but not control these policies.

Initial recognition

Investments in joint ventures and associates are initially recognized at original price, which includes the purchase price or capital contribution, plus any directly related transaction costs. In the case of

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

investments made with non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recognized at the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the time of occurrence.

Dividends and profits of previous periods when the purchased investments are entered into accounts to reduce the value of those investment themselves. Dividends and profits of the period after the purchased investments are recognized as revenue. Stock dividends are only allowed to follow the number of increase stocks, not recognize the value of received stocks.

Provision for impairment of investments in joint venture company and associate company.

Provision for losses on investments in joint ventures and associates is made when joint ventures and associates suffer losses, with the provision equal to the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties in joint ventures and associates and actual equity multiplied by the Company's capital contribution ratio compared to the total actual capital contributions of the parties in joint ventures and associates If the joint venture or associate is subject to preparing consolidated financial statements, the basis for determining the provision for impairment is the consolidated financial statements.

Increase or decrease in the provision for impairment of investments in joint ventures and associates that needs to be set up at the end of the accounting period is recorded as a financial expense.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in capital instruments of another entity include investments which the Company has no right to control, jointly control or have remarkable influence on the invested entities.

Investments in capital instruments of another entity are initially recognized according to original price, including purchase price or capital contribution plus costs directly investment activities. Dividends and profits of previous periods when the purchased investments are entered into accounts to reduce the value of those investment themselves. Dividends and profits of the period after the purchased investments are recognized as revenue. Stock dividends are only allowed to follow the number of increase stocks, not recognize the value of received stocks.

Provisions for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For investments in listed shares or those with reliably determinable fair values, the provision is based on the market value of the shares.
- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the date of statement, the provision is made based on the losses of the investee. The provision amount is calculated as the difference between the actual capital contributions of the parties to the other entity and the actual equity, multiplied by the company's ownership percentage relative to the total actual capital contributions of all parties to the other entity.

Increase or decrease in the provision for impairment of investments in equity instruments of other entities that needs to be set up at the end of the accounting period is recorded as a financial expense.

Other receivables 5.

Receivable debts are presented according to book value subtracting the provisions for doubt debts. The classification of receivables as receivables from customers and other receivables is done according to the following principles:

Receivables from customers reflect trade receivables arising from purchase-sale between the company and buyers that are independent entities.

- Other receivables reflect non-commercial receivables, which are not related to purchase-sale transactions.
 - The provisions for bad debts must be prepared for each item of bad debts on the basis of overdue period of debts or anticipation of possible losses, specifically as follows:
- For overdue receivables:
- 30% of the value for overdue receivables is between 6 months and less than 1 years.
- 50% of value for overdue receivables from year to less than 2 years.
- 70% of value for overdue receivables from 2 years to less than 3 years.
- 100% of value for overdue receivables from over 3 years.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

For receivables that are not yet overdue but are unlikely to be recoverable: The provision is made based on the estimated level of loss.

Increase, decrease of the balance of provisions for bad debts must be deducted at the ending date of accounting period which is recognized into corporate management costs.

6. **Inventories**

Inventories are recorded at lower prices between original price and net realizable value. Original price of inventories is determined as follows:

Materials, goods: Including purchase costs, other directly related costs to have inventories at the present place and status.

Finished products: This includes direct materials, direct labor, and related manufacturing overhead costs, which are allocated based on the level of normal activity.

Price of goods out of warehouse sold in duty-free shops and shopping centers is calculated using the specific identification method, while the remaining inventory is valued using the weighted average method and is recorded using the periodic inventory system.

The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventory in the course of normal production, business minus the estimated costs to complete and only the estimated cost needed for their consumption.

Provision for devaluation of inventories is prepared for each item of inventories with original price of greater than its realizable net value. For unfinished services, the provision for impairment is calculated for each type of service with a specific price. The increase or decrease in the provision for impairment of trading securities that needs to be set up at the end of the accounting period is recorded as a financial expense.

7. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include actual costs that have been incurred but are related to the business activities of multiple accounting periods. The company's prepaid expenses mainly consists of tools and equipment, fixed asset repair costs, and prepaid land lease payments. These prepaid costs are allocated during the prepaid period or the time the corresponding economic benefits are generated from these costs.

Tools, instruments

Tools and equipment that have been put into use are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method, with the allocation period not exceeding 2 years.

Fixed asset repair costs

One-time significant repair costs for fixed assets are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method, with the allocation period not exceeding 3 years.

Prepaid land rent

Prepaid land lease payments represent the amount paid for land lease in Expanded Long Hau Industrial Park. Prepaid land lease payments are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method over the lease term of 46 years.

Other long-term prepaid expenses

Other long-term prepaid expenses, including advertising space rental fees, antivirus software licenses, etc., are allocated to expenses using the straight-line method, with the allocation period not exceeding 3 years.

Operating lease assets 8.

Asset leases are classified as operating leases if substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of the asset remain with the lessor. Operating lease costs are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, regardless of the method of lease payments.

Tangible fixed assets 9.

Tangible fixed assets are presented at cost less accumulated depreciation. Original price of fixed asset cover all the costs the Company must spend in order to obtain fixed assets up to the time it is put into ready-to-use status. Expenditures incurred after initial recognition are only recorded as an

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

increase in the cost of fixed assets if it is certain that these costs will increase future benefits economic benefits in the future from the use of that asset. Costs incurred does not satisfy the above conditions will be recorded to business production cost in the period or allocation cost not over 3 years.

When a tangible fixed asset is sold or disposed of, its cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized in income or expense for the period. Fixed assets are depreciated by straight-line method based on the estimated useful life. The depreciation periods for various types of tangible fixed assets are as follows:

depreciation periods for various types of tanglore into a description	The number of year
Kinds of fixed assets	$\frac{1100 \text{ number of } 7000}{05 - 30}$
House, Structures	05 - 10
Machines, equipment	07
Means of transport, transmission	05
Management equipment, tools	05
Other tangible fixed assets	

Financial leasing fixed assets

Asset leases are classified as operating leases if substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of the asset remain with the lessor. Leased fixed assets are stated at original cost less accumulated depreciation. The original cost of a finance leased fixed asset is the lower of the fair value of the leased asset at the commencement of lease contract and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The discount rate used to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments for leased assets is the implicit interest rate in the lease agreement or the interest rate stated in the contract. If the implicit interest rate in the lease agreement cannot be determined, the borrowing rate at the commencement of the lease is used to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Fixed assets are depreciated by straight-line method based on the estimated useful life. If it is uncertain whether the company will acquire ownership of the asset at the end of the lease term, the fixed asset will be depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the asset.

Intangible fixed assets 11.

Tangible fixed assets are presented at original price less accumulated depreciation.

Original price of fixed asset cover all the costs the Company must spend in order to obtain fixed assets up to the time it is put into ready-to-use status. Costs related to intangible fixed assets incurred after initial recognition are recognized as production and business expenses for the period, unless these costs are directly associated with a specific intangible asset and enhance the economic benefits derived from these assets.

When an intangible fixed asset is sold or disposed of, its cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss arising from the disposal is recognized in income or expense for the

The Company's intangible fixed assets include:

Land using right

Land use rights refer to all actual costs incurred by the company that are directly related to the use of land, including: The costs incurred to acquire land use rights include expenses for obtaining land use rights, compensation, site clearance, land leveling, registration fees, etc. Land rights are depreciated by straight-line methods from 34 to 50 years.

Goods brand

Goods brand are depreciated by straight-line method over a period of 4 years.

Computer software program

Thus e. plan tion is an integral, the same state of

Costs related to computer software programs that are not an integral part of the associated hardware are not capitalized. The original price of computer software is the total amount spent by the company up until the software is ready for use. Computer software is depreciated by straight-line method over a period of 5 years.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Investment real estate 12.

Investment real estate refers to land use rights owned by the company, which are held for the purpose of earning profits from potential appreciation in value. Investment real estate for rent are presented at original price less accumulated depreciation. Investment properties held for appreciation are presented at original less impairment losses. Original price of investment real estate is the total amount spent by the company or the fair value of the consideration given to acquire the investment real estate, including any costs incurred up to the point of purchase or completion of construction. Costs related to investment real estate incurred after initial recognition are recognized as expenses, unless these costs are certain to result in the investment property generating greater economic benefits in the future than initially assessed, in which case they are recorded as an increase in original cost.

When investment real estate is sold, the cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in the income or expense for the period.

The transfer from owner-occupied real estate or inventory to investment real estate occurs only when the owner discontinues the use of that asset and begins leasing it to another party, or when the construction phase is completed. The transfer from investment real estate to owner-occupied real estate or inventory occurs only when the owner begins using the asset or starts preparing it for sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied real estate or inventory does not affect the cost or the carrying value of the real estate at the date of transfer.

From January 1, 2015, investment real estate held for appreciation are not subject to depreciation. If there is clear evidence that investment real estate held for appreciation has decreased in value compared to its market value, and the impairment loss can be reliably determined, the investment real estate is written down to its recoverable amount, and the loss is recognized in the cost of goods sold.

Cost of capital construction in progress 13.

Cost of capital construction in progress reflects the costs which are directly related to (including related loan interest cost which is suitable with the company accounting policy) assets in the progress of construction, machinery and equipment installed to serve the purpose of production, leasing and management as well as costs in connection with the repair of on-going fixed assets. These assets are recognized according to original price and not calculated depreciation.

Business cooperation contract 14.

Jointly controlled business activities

The company recognizes in the consolidated financial statements business cooperation contracts under the form of jointly controlled business activities of the following contents:

- The value of the assets currently owned by the company.
- Debts to be paid by the Company. 0
- Revenue is divided from the sale of goods or the service supply of joint venture.
- Incurred expenses.

Liabilities and payable expenses

Liabilities and payable expenses are recognized for the amount to be paid in the future in connection with received goods and services. Payable expenses must be recognized on the basis of reasonable estimates of payable amounts

The classification of payables as payables to sellers, payable expenses, and other payables is carried out according to the following principles:

Payables to sellers reflect trade payables arising from transactions involving the purchase of goods, services, and assets, and the sellers are independent entities from the company.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

- Payable expenses reflect amounts payable for goods and services received from vendors or provided to buyers but not yet paid due to the absence of invoices or incomplete accounting documents. It also includes amounts payable to employees for wages, leave, and provisions for production and business expenses.
- Other payables reflect non-commercial payables, which are not related to transaction of purchase, selling, supply of goods and services.
 - Liabilities and payable expenses are classified as current and non-current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet based on the remaining term as of the end of the reporting period.

Equity Contributed capital 16.

Equity is recognized according to the actual contributed capital of the shareholders.

Profit distribution 17.

Profits after corporate income tax are distributed to shareholders after deducting for funds according to the Company's regulations as well as the law which approved by the General Shareholder's Meeting.

Profit distribution to the shareholders must take consideration of non-monetary items included in undistributed after-tax profits which can influence on cash flow and dividend payment ability such as interest due to revaluation of capital contribution assets, interest due to revaluation of monetary items, financial instruments and other non-monetary items.

Dividends are recognized as liabilities when a decision or announcement to pay dividends is made.

Recognition of revenue and income 18.

Revenue from the sale of goods and finished products.

Revenue from the sale of goods and finished products is recognized when the following conditions are met simultaneously:

- The company has transferred most of the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of goods and products to the buyer.
- The Company no longer holds the rights to manage the goods, products as the owner of the goods or right of control to the goods;
- Revenue is determined with relatively certain. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased goods or products under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the goods or products (except in cases where the customer has the right to return the goods or products for exchange with other goods or services).
- The company has received or will receive economic benefits from the sales transaction.
- Cost related to sales transaction is determined.

Revenues of service supply

Revenue from providing services is recognized when the following conditions are met simultaneously:

- Revenue is determined with relatively certain. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased service under specific conditions, revenue is only recognized when those specific conditions no longer exist, and the buyer no longer has the right to return the provided
- The company has received or will receive economic benefits from that service supply.
- The portion of work completed at the statement date can be determined.
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the service supply can be determined. In cases where the service is performed over multiple periods, revenue is recognized in the period based on the results of the work completed as of the end of the statement period.

Revenue from goods received for consignment or agency sales.

Revenue from goods sold by agents or consignees under the method of selling at the correct price with commission is the sales commission that the Company receives.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Revenue from leasing operating assets.

Revenue from leasing operating assets is recorded by straight line method during the lease term. Rent received in advance for multiple periods is allocated to revenue in accordance with the lease term.

Interest

Interest is recognized based on the time and the effective interest rate for each period.

Distributed dividends and profits.

Distributed dividends and profits are recognized when the company is entitled to receive dividends or profits from its investments. Stock dividends are only allowed to follow the number of increase stocks, not recognize the value of received stocks.

Revenue deductions 19.

Revenue deductions only include returned goods arising in the same period of consumption of products, goods and services that are adjusted to reduce revenue of the arising period.

In cases where products, goods, or services were sold in previous years and returns occur in the current year, the revenue reduction is recognized according to the following principle:

- If the return occurs before the issuance of the consolidated financial statements: Write down revenue reduction on this year's consolidated financial statement.
- If the return occurs after the issuance of the consolidated financial statements: Write down sales on the next year's consolidated financial statement.

Loan expenses 20.

Borrowing costs include interest and other costs incurred directly in connection with the loans. Borrowing costs are recognized as cost when incurred. In cases where borrowing costs are directly related to the investment in the construction or production of assets under construction that require a sufficient period (longer than 12 months) to be ready for use for their intended purpose or for sale, these borrowing costs are calculated as part of the value of the asset. For loans specifically used for the construction of fixed assets or investment properties, interest is calculated even if the construction period is less than 12 months. Income arising from the temporary investment of loan amounts is deducted from the original cost of the related asset.

For general loans that are used for the purpose of investing in the construction or production of assets under construction, the capitalized borrowing costs are determined based on the capitalization rate applied to the weighted average accumulated costs incurred for the basic construction or production of that asset. The capitalization rate is calculated according to the weighted average rate of unpaid loans during the period, except for separate loans that serve the purpose of forming a particular asset.

21. Costs

Costs are the items that reduce economic benefits recognized at the time of transaction or it is neuerus probably sure to be arisen in the future whether payment is made or not.

Costs and turnover generated from those costs must be recognized in accordance with matching principle. In case the matching principle has conflict with conservatism principle, costs are recognized on the basis of nature and stipulations of accounting standards to reflect transactions honestly, properly.

Corporate income tax 22.

CIT expenses include current and deferred income taxes.

Current income tax

Current income tax is calculated on the basis of the taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to adjustments of temporary difference between tax and accounting, nondeducted costs as well as adjustment of income and cost which are not subject to tax or carriedforward losses.

Deferred income tax.

Deferred income tax is the amount which the company must pay or be refunded due to temporary difference between carrying amount of assets and liabilities for the purpose of preparation of

Hammonor with the This explanation is an integral per east another or each in conjunction of the engineering of an arranged nary and the engineering

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

financial statement and the basis for calculation of income. Deferred income tax must be recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred income tax assets are only recognized when it is sure that there will have taxable profits in the future to use these deducted temporary difference.

The carrying value of deferred income tax assets is reassessed at the end of the reporting period and will be reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the benefit of some or all of the deferred income tax assets to be realized. Deferred income tax assets that were not previously recognized are reassessed at the end of the reporting period and are recognized when it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to utilize the unrecognized deferred income tax assets.

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are determined based on the tax rates expected to apply in the year the asset is recovered or the liability is settled, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred income tax is recognized in the income statement and only directly in equity when the tax relates to items recognized directly in equity.

Deferred income tax assets and payable deferred income tax are offset when:

- The company has a legal right to offset current tax assets against payable current income tax; and deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax related to corporate income tax managed by the same tax authority.
- For the same taxable entity; or
- The company intends to settle payable current income tax and current income tax assets on a net basis, or recover the assets simultaneously with the settlement of liabilities in future periods when the significant amounts of deferred income tax or deferred income tax assets are settled or recovered.

23.

The parties considered as stakeholders when they have ability to control or make significant influence on the other party to make decision of financial policies and activities. The parties are also considered as stakeholders if they are under joint control or significant influence.

In consideration of relationship of stakeholders, the nature of relationship is more focused that legal form.

Report by segment 24.

A segment basing on business area is a distinct part that participates in the production or supply of products or services and has risks and economic benefits that are different from those of other sales business.

A segment basing on geographic area is a distinguishable part that engages in the production or supply of products or services within a specific economic environment and has risks and economic benefits that are different from those of sales segments in other economic environments.

Segment information is prepared and presented in accordance with the accounting policies applied in the preparation and presentation of the company's consolidated financial statements.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OF ITEMS SPECIFIED IN CONSOLIDATED BALANCE V.

Cash and cash equivalents 1.

Cash and cash equivalents	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Cl	16,478,174,635	12,810,428,170
Cash	143,089,128,396	148,934,543,195
Non-term bank deposit;	1,690,971,557	1,500,858,019
Cash in transit (i)	22,000,000,000	54,000,000,000
Cash equivalents ⁽ⁱⁱ	183,258,274,588	217,245,829,384
Total	100,200,200	

- Customer's receivable Credit Card.
- (ii) Time deposits with an original maturity of no more than 3 months.

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Amount of financial investment

The company's financial investments include trading securities, held-to-maturity investments, and equity investments in other entities. Information about the Company's financial investments is as follows:

Trading Securities 2a.

Trading Securities	Ending balance	Beginning balance
		28,644,000,000
Shares	<u></u>	28,644,000,000
Dong A Commercial Joint Stock Bank	:	28,644,000,000
Total		

2b. Held-to-Maturity Investment

Time deposits with maturities from over 3 months to less than 12 months at commercial banks.

Equity Investments in Other Entities 2c.

Equity investments in other 2.	Ending balance	Beginning balance
associates	161,376,992,269	176,277,281,987
Investment in joint venture company, associates Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial Joint Stock Company (i)	149,376,730,000	149,376,730,000
Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial John Stock Schaper	10,800,262,269	10,800,262,269
Phu Quoc-Sasco Co.,Ltd (iii)	-	14,900,289,718
Vietnam House CP Joint venture (iii) Green Garden Development Joint Stock Company(iv)	1,200,000,000	1,200,000,000
Equity investments in other entities	107,246,251,500	107,246,251,500
Noi Bai Airport Services Joint Stock Company	8,696,000,000	8,696,000,000
Noi Bai Catering Services Joint Stock Company	21,811,000,000	21,811,000,000
Thao Dien Real Estate Corporation	44,732,290,000	44,732,290,000
Saigon Beer Center Trading Joint Stock Company	70,000,000	70,000,000
Thanh Thanh Cong Tourism Joint Stock Company	11,542,176,000	11,542,176,000
Industrial Construction Joint Stock Company	4,930,000,000	4,930,000,000
Industrial Construction Joint Stock Company	15,464,785,500	15,464,785,500
Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Joint Stock Company Total	268,623,243,769	283,523,533,487

- According to Business Registration Certificate No. 0305515395, initially registered on February 18, 2008, and amended for the 13th times on March 8, 2021, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, the company invested in Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Trading Corporation 149,376,730,000 VND, or 38.03% of chartered capital.
- According to certificate of business registration No. 1700106451, first registered on April 12, 2001 and registered to change for the 07th times on March 27, 2021 issued by Kien Giang Province (ii) Planning and Investment Department, the company invested in Phu Quoc - Sasco Co.,Ltd and amount of 10,800,262.269 VND, equivalent to 3% of the chartered capital.
- According to Overseas Investment Certificate amended on June 08, 2011 issued by Ministry of Planning and Investment, the Company invested in Viet House Joint Venture Joint Stock Company 29% of chartered capital.

In accordance with the Resolution No. 09-2018/NQ-HDQT dated 9 March 2018, the Board of Directors approved to cease business activities of Viethaus Kooperationsgesellschaft AG (Viethaus) in the Federal Republic of Germany. Accordingly, as at 31 December 2023, the Company has fully provided provision for diminution in value of this investment. On 24 January 2025, the Ministry of Planning and Investment issued Decision No. 212/QD-BKHDT on the termination of the validity of Investment License No. 2446/GP dated 14 January 2005, Adjusted Overseas Investment Certificate No. 1446/BKH-DTRNN/DDC1 (first adjustment) dated 28 September 2007, and Adjusted Investment Certificate No. 2446/BKHDT-DTRNN-DDC3 (third adjustment) dated 8 June 2011,

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

issued by the Ministry of Planning and Investment. The Company has processed the financial settlement of this capital contribution in June 2025

(iv) According to Certificate of Business Registration and Tax Registration No. 0305515483, first registered on February 13, 2008 and registered for 6th change on June 19, 2021, the Company holds 1,200 shares equivalent to 6% of the Chartered capital of Green Garden Development Joint Stock Company.

2d Provision for Losses on Equity Investments in Other Entities

The changes in the provision for equity investments in other entities are as follows:

Year beginning Deduction for provision Financial handling of capital contributions Quarter ending	Ending balance 28,976,132,918 302,296,500 (14,900,289,718) 14,378,139,700	Beginning balance 29,263,543,794 (287,410,876) 28,976,132,918
3. Short-term Trade Receivables from Customers		Diing holonce
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Receivables from related parties	10,910,657,210	10,157,917,811
Viet House Joint Venture Joint Stock Company	7 <u>-</u>	4,822,523,420
Airports Corporation Of Viet Nam	10,654,094,457	5,154,500,600
Ha Noi Ground Services Joint Stock Company	19,567,000	148,986,900
Autogrill VFS F&B Co.,Ltd	200,000	16,654,850
European Fashion and Cosmetics Co.,Ltd	4,843,750	
Duy Anh Fashion and Cosmetics JSC	210,830,931	15 252 041
Trans-Pacific Import and Export Co.,Ltd	21,121,072	15,252,041
Other receivables from other customers	146,832,702,132	180,947,515,407
Bamboo Airways Joint Stock Company	32,410,929,488	42,151,085,534
PRIORITY PASS (A.P) LTD	15,308,748,777	39,188,942,900
Airport Cooperations of Vietnam- JSC- Tan Son Nhat	17,513,905,500	24,112,584,112
Operation Center		75 404 002 961
Other customers	81,599,118,367	75,494,902,861
Total	157,743,359,342	191,105,433,218
4. Short-term prepayment to the seller	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Prepayment to stakeholders	2,839,200,405	7
Phu Quoc-Sasco Co.,Ltd	2,839,200,405	
Prepayment to the other seller	23,105,591,384	14,319,482,607
GHT Vietnam Investment and Trading JSC	3,900,000,000	3,900,000,000
Boho Decor Co., Ltd	10,771,568,730	
Other suppliers	8,434,022,654	10,419,482,607
Total	25,944,791,789	14,319,482,607
5. Other Receivables		
5a. Other Short-Term Receivables		Designing halance
Receivables from related parties.	Ending balance 20,606,408,311	Beginning balance 290,803,017,922

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

otes to the financial statements (cont)	Ending balance Beginning balance
Vietnam Housing Joint Stock Joint Stock Company	- Payment - 47,336,464,030
of premise rent and other related expenses.	1 4 555 2 64 100
Southern Air Transport Corporation – Payment of p	remise rent 17,271,628,543 14,775,364,192
Phu Quoc-Sasco Co.,Ltd	3,000,064,488
Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial JSC	44,813,019,000
IPP GROUP PTE LTD	334,715,280 183,878,170,700
Receivables from other organizations and individu	aals 45,327,129,105 34,805,027,775
Advances	789,993,400
Interest received from the banks	1,388,804,386 10,689,582,60
Deposit	1,370,807,000 890,105,00
Vietnam Aviation Company - Tan Son Nhat Opera (TOC) - Payment of land rent	tion Center 7,024,679,124 7,024,679,12
Tan Son Nhat International Airport Customs	13,877,589,133
Other short-term receivables	20,875,256,062 15,255,556,04
Total	65,933,537,416 325,608,045,70
b. Other Long-Term Receivables	Beginnin
e e	Ending balance balance
	242,418,887,32
Receivables from related parties. Vietnam Housing Joint Stock Joint Stock Co	
Payment of premise rent and other related expense	2 12, 110,001,
Receivables from other organizations and individ	luals 246,567,000,755 244,567,647,6
Deposit	18,805,410,515 16,947,999,33
Advance payments for compensation, support, and clearance at the North Vung Tau ecological tourist Hamlet 04, Cua Can Commune, Phu Quoc, Kien C Province.	n area in 13,000,000,000 13,000,000,0
Transport Investment Cooperation and Import Exp Company Tracimexco – capital contribution for co investment cooperation	instruction 102,389,278,636 102,369,279,
Phu Nhuan Construction and Housing Trading Co	mpany 5,611,692,693 5,611,692,69
Limited	
Limited Advance payment for the procedure fee to obtain Rights Certificate.	
Advance payment for the procedure fee to obtain Rights Certificate.	e of Sasco
Advance payment for the procedure fee to obtain	

5c. Provision for receivables.

The changes in provision for doubtful debts are as follow:

	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Vbasining	369,500,665,465	366,464,638,564
Year begining	(14,290,443,358)	3,242,526,901
(Revert)/Provision	(294,577,874,773)	(206,500,000)
Debt write-off.	60,632,347,334	369,500,665,465
The ending balance	00,032,347,334	

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

	-20					*	
6.	Inventories				Ending balance	e Beginnin	g balance
	N			_	6,539,340,54		3,965,730
	Materials				2,109,612,83		8,896,786
	Tools, instrum				435,334,2		50,160,517
	Finished produ	icts			186,524,988,0	The State Committee of the Committee of	34,418,580
	Goods			_	195,609,275,6	The second second	37,441,613
	Total			_	170,007,210,0		
7.	Prepaid Exp	enses					
7a.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Prepaid Expens	es				
,				_	Ending balan		g balance
	Renting land				4,012,808,1		1 650 073
	Insurance cos	ts			1,706,878,0		1,659,073 8,290,254
	Tools, instrun				3,076,394,7	57.	1,464,435
	Other short-te	rm prepaid exper	nses	-	6,927,511,9		1,413,762
	Total			=	15,723,592,7	9/	1,415,762
	~ m m		a.				
7b.	Long-Term P	repaid Expense	S		Ending balan	ice Beginnir	ng balance
			-veuleah on	. -	8,111,330,1		89,383,740
		ise, warehouse, v	vorksnop		7,781,160,8		40,798,976
	Tools, instrum				1,808,639,8		22,818,153
	Major repair				2,484,271,1		04,233,256
		erm prepaid expe	nses	: -	20,185,402,0		57,234,125
	Total			=	20,103,402,0	10,00	
_		7 1 4-					
8.	Tangible Fix	ed Assets		Means of	Management		•
		House,	Machines,	transport,	equipment,	Other fixed assets	Total
Orig	ginal price	Structures	equipment	transmission	tools	assets	1000
D	la alaman	254,429,920,816	52,168,939,791	275,578,521,378	7,268,791,742	16,037,105,841	605,483,279,568
	inning balance chase in the period	-	7,004,624,196	-	80,036,111	e ≡	7,084,660,307
	ital construction						20 507 002 005
	estment	29,005,989,386	580,892,699		-	-	29,586,882,085
				(725 (27 272)	_	-	(725,627,272)
Ass	et liquidation			(725,627,272)			
Qua	arter ending		#0 ##4 A#C CDC	274,852,894,106	7,348,827,853	16,037,105,841	641,429,194,688
	1.0.1	283,435,910,202	59,754,456,686	274,832,834,100	7,540,027,000		
	vhich:						
	ly depreciated but in use	96,274,428,848	31,068,936,444	173,060,825,551	6,512,740,823	15,910,255,841	322,827,187,507
Dep	reciation value			*** 0.40 550 051	6,678,000,069	15,935,455,814	462,177,138,504
Rec	ginning balance	179,820,285,975	38,794,817,795	220,948,578,851	0,078,000,009	13,755,455,014	.02,217,322-3
			5 2 (0 202 405	10,998,844,192	237,116,825	17,250,003	32,273,214,789
Dep	oreciation in the	15 651 720 284	5,368,283,483				(725,627,272)
Der per	iod	15,651,720,284	5,368,283,485	(725,627,272)	-	15 050 705 917	
Der peri		15,651,720,284 - 195,472,006,259	44,163,101,280		6,915,116,894	15,952,705,817	493,724,726,021
Der per Ass Qua	iod set liquidation	20 % % #10		(725,627,272)	6,915,116,894		493,724,726,021
Dep peri Ass Qua The	iod set liquidation arter ending e remaining value	195,472,006,259		(725,627,272)	590,791,673	101,650,027	493,724,726,021 143,306,141,064
Dep peri Ass Qua The Beg	iod set liquidation arter ending	20 % % #10	44,163,101,280	(725,627,272) 231,221,795,771			493,724,726,021

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

10	The second secon	79 199-1001
9.	Intangible Fixed	Assets

9. Intangible Fixed Assets			Computer	
	Land Using Rights	Trademark	Software Program	Total
Original Price Beginning balance Quarter ending	30,944,738,761 30,944,738,761	55,555,555 55,555,555	5,306,969,285 5,306,969,285	36,307,263,601 36,307,263,601
Therein: Depreciation value		55,555,555	4,474,427,285	4,529,982,840
Depreciation in the period Beginning balance	10,227,865,071	55,555,555	4,756,718,532	15,040,139,158
Depreciation during the period Quarter ending	511,475,994 10,739,341,065	55,555,555	141,071,732 4,897,790,264	652,547,726 15,692,686,884
The remaining value Year beginning Quarter ending	20,716,873,690 20,205,397,696		550,250,753 409,179,021	21,267,124,443 20,614,576,717

Investment Properties 10.

Investment Properties Held for Value Appreciation

No. Loss due to devaluation	n value
39	32,243,749,055
39	32,243,749,055
3	

In accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 05 "Investment Real Estate," the fair value of investment real estate at the end of the financial year must be disclosed. However, the Company has not yet determined the fair value of investment real estates due to no conditions to implement. Chi tiết danh mục bất động sản đầu tư tại ngày kết thúc quý như sau:

The details of the investment real estates list at the end of the quarter are as follows:

The details of the investment rear estates		Accumulated	The remaining	
_	Original Price	Depreciation	value	
Land area of 10,316 m ² land area at Xuan Thoi Son, Hoc Mon	5,132,260,000	801,122,625	4,331,137,375	ě
Land area No. 9,10,11 is part of 2,000 m ² and 1,000m ² land area on Hung Vuong Street, Phu Quoc SAR	6,222,717,346	1,256,109,502	4,966,607,844	
Land area No. 5 is part of 1,475.8 m ² land area on Hung Vuong Street, Phu Quoc SAR	3,472,623,126	660,530,562	2,812,092,564	
Land area No. 5 is a part of 2,200 m2 of land area on Hung Vuong Street,	8,216,358,700	683,547,876	7,532,810,824	
Phu Quoc SAR				

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Notes to the financial statements (cont)	Original Price	Accumulated Depreciation	The remaining value
Land area of 9,973 m ² is located at Rach Chiec Hamlet, Ham Ninh Commune, Phu Quoc SAR	5,458,267,422	396,881,118	5,061,386,304
Land area No. 13 is part of 4,758 m ² land area on Hung Vuong Street, Phu	8,750,687,200	1,210,973,056	7,539,714,144
Quoc SAR Total	37,252,913,794	5,009,164,739	32,243,749,055

Construction in Progress 11.

Construction in Progress	V	Expenses incurred in the period.	Carry forward of decrease in the period	Quarter ending
	Year beginning	11,038,916,943		3,954,256,636
Purchase of fixed assets	107,965,522,813	47,293,288,898		113,717,154,190
Capital construction in progress Nhung Stream Farm Project (Binh Phuoc)	30,067,288,998	873,807,463	9 9 0	30,941,096,461
SASCO Hotel Project – Nha Trang	14,468,238,439	547,433,495		15,015,671,934
Suoi Hoa Ecological Resort Project	28,739,102,434	1,659,358,830		30,398,461,264
Vung Bau Ecotourism Project, Phu Quoc	18,473,620,494	1,387,003,511	-	19,860,624,005
Other projects	16,217,272,448	42,825,685,599		17,501,300,526
Total	107,965,522,813	58,332,205,841	(48,626,317,828)	117,671,410,826
Ivai				

Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets have been recognized

Deferred income tax assets related to deductible temporary differences. The details arose during the year as follows:

year as remember	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Warman I am formation or	7,610,756,549	10,319,698,979
Year beginning	**************************************	(2,708,942,430)
Arisen amount in the period	7,610,756,549	7,610,756,549
Quarter ending		

Corporate income tax rate used to determine the value of deferred income tax assets is 20%

Short-term payables to the seller 13.

Short-term payables to the sener	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Payables to related parties	308,725,864,507	325,045,901,762
IPP GROUP 'S PTE LTD	226,122,752,315	256,314,608,126
Airport Cooperations of Vietnam- JSC	49,198,202,447	49,482,356,407
Autocrill VFS F&B Co.,Ltd	13,075,993,463	16,611,354,573
Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial JSC	675,015,034	820,821,827
Viet House Joint Venture Joint Stock Company	-	1,095,930,862
Viet House Joint Venture Joint Stock Company	35,528,960	29,248,000
Green Garden Development Joint Stock Company	18,027,749	27,382,908
Southern Airports Trading Joint Stock Company	10,027,	8,822,235
Duy Anh Trading JSC	893,562,887	568,976,824
Cam Ranh International Terminal Service Co.,Ltd		500,570,027
European Fashion and Cosmetics Co.,Ltd	12,310,361,112	,-
Duy Anh Fashion and Cosmetics JSC	6,155,580,540	
Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company	240,840,000	86,400,000
	40,554,633,953	67,223,183,407
Payables to other suppliers Other suppliers	40,554,633,953	67,223,183,407

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Note	s to the financial statements (cont)		
	Total	Ending balance 349,280,498,460	Beginning balance 392,269,085,169
14.	Short-term prepayment from the buyer	Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Prepayment of the stakeholders	82,135,000	106,047,000
	Sai Gon Ground Services Joint Stock Company	82,135,000	79,319,000
	Tan Son Nhat Petroleum Commercial JSC	:=	26,728,000
	Prepayment of other customers	4,924,757,493	6,742,652,675
		8 E E	1,611,623,178
	Jotun Paint Vietnam Co., Ltd. An Phuoc Garment Embroidery Shoes Company Limited	1,099,255,000	1,099,615,000
		3,825,502,493	4,031,414,497
	Other customers	5,006,892,493	6,848,699,675
	Total	5,000,002,100	

Taxes and Payables to the State Budget 15.

	Beginning balance		Incurred During the Period		Ending balance	
*	Payables	Receivables	Payable amount	Paid Amount	Payables	Receivables
VAT tax	-	-	1,234,855,299	(1,234,855,299)	-	
Export-import tax	2,321,709	₩ 3	4,063,627	(6,385,336)		-
Special consumption tax	7,877,615	=	89,495,288	(88,159,830)	9,213,073	=
	14,780,902,882	-	82,911,075,754	(81,952,547,688)	15,739,430,948	*
Corporate income tax Individual income tax	81,828,623	2,951,509,454	38,076,579,225		789,897,909	40,379,590
	01,020,023		127,638,359			
Land, house tax		25,239,248	20,348,298,048	(10,221,647,400)	10,101,411,400	:=
Land rent	20 411 522	6,000,000	461,161,692			
Other taxes	38,411,533			(128,548,277,807)		40,379,590
Total	14,911,342,362	2,702,740,702	173,233,107,232	(220,0)/		

Value-Added Tax (VAT)

The company pays value added tax by the deduction method. The value-added tax rate is as follows

T. C. Dusinossi	No subject to tax
- Tax-free Business:	0%
- International Passenger Transport and On-Site Export Services:	0,7,0
- Business operations of other services and goods	05% - 10%
- Business operations of other services and goods	

Import & Export Duties

The Company declares and pays taxes as notified by Customs.

Corporate Income Tax

Corporate income tax is calculated on taxable income at a rate of 20%.

Other Taxes

The company must declare and pay tax as stipulated.

Payables to Employees 16.

- The salary fund for employees and the Board of Management is established according to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 30-2025/NQ-HDQT dated July 14, 2025, which includes:
- The Employee Salary Fund and Executive Salary Fund is set at 22.6% and 0.63% of the gross profit from sales and service supply (calculated as net sales revenue from goods sold and services provided minus the

w. con with the This explanation is an integral part and should be read in conjugation

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Notes to the financial statements (cont)

cost of goods purchased minus the cost of services and production, excluding wages and depreciation expenses).

- Supervisory Board Salary Fund
- The ending balance is the salary fund still payable to employees.

17. Short-term payable expenses

The second of th	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other short-term payable expenses	32,747,427,231	268,575,712
Total	32,747,427,231	268,575,712
Total		

18. Short-Term Unrealized Revenue

Advance payment for lease. There are no unrealized revenue related to stakeholders.

19. Other Payables

Other Payables	E line balance	Beginning balance
Other short-term payables	Ending balance	Deginning balance
Payables to related parties. Payables to other organizations and individuals	13,116,129,393	17,811,626,880
Payable dividends	1,663,660,805	1,696,160,685
Trade Union fee	2,275,039,054	577,682,849
Short-term collateral, deposit	5,209,585,970	3,799,406,500 1,591,488,516
Payable for foreign exchange transactions.	904,859,304 3,062,984,260	10,146,888,330
Other short-term payables	13,116,129,393	
Total		

19a. Other long-term payables

Long-term deposits must be paid to other organizations.

20. Bonus, and welfare fund

Bonus fund Welfare fund	Beginning balance 47,185,797,823 61,153,916,005	Deduction for fund in the period	Other Increases 1,410,000	Payment in the period (11,558,546,065) (717,461,666)	Ending balance 35,628,661,758 60,436,454,339
Bonus fund for Board of Directors and Supervisor Board Cộng	3,858,934,827 112,198,648,655	<u>-</u>		(3,858,934,827) (16,134,942,558)	96,065,116,097

21. Shareholders' Equity

Statement of charges in Shareholderss' equity

Statement of charges	In Sharenoide.	55 (4)		Development		
	Owner's investment Capital	Share capital surplus	Treasury Shares	and investment fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
The balance in the beginning of previous	1,334,813,100,000	3,862,620,000	(341,040,000)	582,661,723	145,380,471,154	1,484,297,812,877
year	_	7 4	,_	Ē	421,577,902,270	421,577,902,270
Profits during the period Deduction for fund in the	-	q=	_		(49,324,614,566)	(49,324,614,566)
previous period Distribution of division in		# # #		-	(216,992,805,660)	(216,992,805,660)
the previous period Ending balance of the	1,334,813,100,000	3,862,620,000	(341,040,000)	582,661,723	300,640,953,198	1,639,558,294,921
previous period The balance in this year	1,334,813,100,000	3,862,620,000	(341,040,000)	582,661,723	300,640,953,198	1,639,558,294,921

Address: Tan Son Nhat International Airport, Tan Son Hoa Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT Notes to the financial statements (cont)

Trotes to the management	Owner's investment Capital	Share capital surplus	Treasury Shares	Development and investment fund	Undistributed profit after tax	Total
Profits during the period Distribution of division	-	2 1	-		328,124,684,854 (294,795,269,190)	328,124,684,854 (294,795,269,190)
Ending balance of the current period	1,334,813,100,000	3,862,620,000	(341,040,000)	582,661,723	333,970,368,862	1,672,887,710,585

Details of Capital Contributions by Shareholders Airport Cooperations of Vietnam- JSC Trans-Pacific Import and Export Co.,Ltd European Fashion and Cosmetics Co., Ltd. Duy Anh Fashion and Cosmetics Co., Ltd. Treasury shares Other shareholders Total	Ending balance 655,042,000,000 333,402,000,000 198,714,000,000 65,750,000,000 294,000,000 81,611,100,000 1,334,813,100,000	Beginning balance 655,042,000,000 333,402,000,000 205,384,000,000 65,750,000,000 294,000,000 74,941,100,000 1,334,813,100,000
Shares Total number of shares registered to issue Total number of issued shares - Common shares - Preferred shares The number of treasury shares Common shares - Preferred shares Total number of outstanding shares - Common shares - Preferred shares - Common shares - Common shares - Common shares - All Preferred shares - Common shares - Preferred shares - Preferred shares - Face value of outstanding shares: VND 10,000	Ending balance 133,481,310 133,481,310 133,481,310 29,400 29,400 29,400 133,451,910 133,451,910	Beginning balance 133,481,310 133,481,310 133,481,310 - 29,400 29,400 - 133,451,910 133,451,910

22. Written off bad debts:

_	Endir Original Currency	ng balance VND	Beginni Original Currency	ing balance	Note
Receivables from Customers	i e .	8,210,276,481	-	3,387,753,061	Unable to recover
Prepayments to seller	(E	38,691,009	-	38,691,000	Unable to recover
Other receivables short term		47,336,464,030	-	-	Unable to recover
Other receivables long term	•	242,418,887,323		-	Unable to recover
Advance Total		240,000,000 298,244,318,834	-	240,000,000 3,666,444,061	Unable to recover

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

	Turnover from sales and services rendered	3st quar Current year	
	<u> </u>		
	-	Cull ent year	Previous year
	Turnover of goods in duty-free shops	285,830,573,640	345,217,886,712
	Turnover of goods in other commercial centers and	96,442,414,152	68,995,586,580
	branches Turnover from activities of lounge	220,638,723,236	183,236,332,344
	Other turnover	201,960,194,160	184,933,784,154
	Total _	804,871,905,188	782,383,589,790
	Deductions from Revenue Returned goods, discounts		
25.	Cost of Goods Sold	5 4 5	
		3st qua	
		Current year	Previous year
	Cost of Goods at Duty-Free Shops	224,273,204,451	168,756,526,764
	Cost of Goods at Shopping Centers and Branches	33,581,494,155	29,387,899,623
	Cost of Lounge Services	30,725,214,207	38,023,294,412
	Cost of Other Activities	48,816,691,449	47,906,568,355
	Total	337,396,604,262	284,074,289,154
26.	Financial Income	3st qu	arter
		Current year	Previous year
		4,074,900,484	1,985,713,051
	Deposit interest	4,360,066,248	47,810,928,009
	Distributed dividends, profits	3,840,932	-
	Payment discount	10,204,149,138	1,413,500,679
	Interest of exchange rate difference	10,204,115,150	5,926,843,068
	Interest of exchange rate due to quarter-end revaluation. Total	18,642,956,802	57,136,984,807
27.	Financial Expenses		
		0	Previous year
		Current year	7,998,578,863
	Arisen loss of exchange rate difference	6,690,283,340	41,938,889
	Transfer costs investment	.	41,550,005
	Reversal of exchange rate loss due to quarter-end	(340,910,323)	(425,835,844)
	revaluation.	16,494,538	-
	Investment reserve Total	6,365,867,555	7,614,681,908
28. 8	Selling Expenses	3st a	uarter
		Current year	Previous year
	Formance of color staff	44,367,956,417	48,583,014,162
	Expenses of sales staff	132,674,733	178,069,682
	Expenses of materials, packaging Expenses of tools, supplies	6,018,846,778	4,234,686,338

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

common shares.

Notes to the financial statements (cont)	3st quai	rter
	Current year	Previous year
Expenses of fixed asset depreciation	5,547,414,422	3,377,548,199
Expenses of renting premise, workshop, warehouse	530,702,262	(2,424,870,148)
Expenses of management and operation of business	39,927,333,609	35,894,731,600
Expenses of business cooperation	134,759,618,323	116,325,242,844
Other expenses	40,549,918,938	34,949,518,753
Total =	271,834,465,482	241,117,941,430
10141	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
29. Administrative Expenses	3st qua	rter
	Current year	Previous year
-	67,586,398,513	79,992,100,904
Expenses of Managerial staff	323,771,131	288,876,837
Expenses of management materials, office supplies	1,113,234,260	1,138,491,886
Expenses of fixed asset depreciation	4,637,396,497	3,935,756,854
Taxes, fees and charges	(6,210,358,031)	2,348,768,292
Provision for bad receivables	4,620,409,509	5,045,614,433
Cost of outsourced services	6,631,438,229	5,640,718,672
Other expenses		98,390,327,878
Total	78,702,290,108	98,370,327,070
30. Other Income	3st qua	arter
	Current year	Previous year
Income from sales support, promotions	3,054,732,710	2,432,253,602
Income from Assets liquidation	97,960,000	<u> </u>
Other Income	887,713,964	5,355,400,718
Total	4,040,406,674	7,787,654,320
31. Other Expenses	3st quarter	
SSL Charit	Current year	Previous year
Other expenses	300,932	2,456,281
Total	300,932	2,456,281
22 Farmings Por Share		
32. Earnings Per Share	3st quarter	
	Current year	Previous year
Accounting profit after corporate income tax	106,914,494,938	180,551,786,135
Deduction for bonus and welfare fund.	SERVICE MESS. SERVICE MESS.	
Deduction for bonuses for the Board of Directors and		
Board of Control.		
Adjustments to increase or decrease accounting profit in order to determine the profit allocated to holders of common shares.		

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Notes to the financial statements (cont)

	3st quarter	
	Current year	Previous year
Basic/diluted earnings per share	106,914,494,938	180,551,786,135
Weighted average number of outstanding common shares	133,451,910	133,451,910
during the year Basic/diluted earnings per share.	801	1,353

33. Cost of business production by factors

	SSt quarter	
	Current year	Previous year
Material costs	61,995,915,765	67,885,397,693
Labor costs	120,177,487,119	137,178,033,498
Costs of fixed asset depreciation	11,575,673,237	9,353,340,299
Cost of outsourced services	75,296,356,430	69,075,142,982
Other costs	166,338,311,582	168,846,246,048
	435,383,744,133	452,338,160,520
Total		

VI. OTHER INFORMATION DURING THE MID-YEAR ACCOUNTING PERIOD

- 1. Explanations of seasonality or cycle of business activities during the mid-year accounting period:
 The main business activities of the company are retail, tax-free goods trading, and service operations at its target market, Tan Son Nhat International Airport
 During the period, the company's business operations were restored and developed, leading to an increase in revenue compared to the same period last year
- 2. Present the issuance, acquisition, and reimbursement of debt securities and equity securities:

 There is no arisen case in the quarter
- 3. Dividends paid (total or per share) of common and preferential shares (applicable to joint stock company):

During the period, the Company paid the second dividend of 2024 in cash at the payment rate of 2,209 VND/share with the amount of 294,795,269,190 VND

4. Presentation of critical events arising after the mid-year accounting period end date has not been reflected in the mid-year financial statement:

There is no arisen case in the quarter

Nguyen Thi Van Anh Prepared by Do Thi Minh Chau Chief Accountant Nguyen Van Hung Cuong

General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, October 17, 2025

3st quarter

C.P * H.